

LARGEST EVENING PAPER
IN THE UNITED STATES.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

VOL. XXXIV.

ST. LOUIS, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1885.

THE LARGEST CIRCULATION
IN THE CITY OF ST. LOUIS.

NO. 133.

No Shoddy Shoes in Shoe Department
OF
D. CRAWFORD & CO.
All First-Class Goods, warranted to
FIT AND WEAR!
Prices Always the Lowest!

Headquarters for Christmas Slippers!
NOTE.

Ladies' Kid and Goat Button Boots, Common-sense and Opera Toe, only \$1.75 a pair; worth \$3. Widths, C.D.E., sizes 2 1/2 to 6.

Ladies' Straight Goat Button Boots, extra quality. These will go at \$2.50 a pair, regular price \$3.50; widths B.C.D., sizes 2 1/2 to 6.

Ladies' fine Cur Kid Button Boots, Common-sense and Opera Toe, down to \$2.50 a pair; former price \$3.50. Widths B.C.D., sizes 2 1/2 to 6.

Ladies' Kid Opera Slippers at 85c a pair, reduced from \$1.25; sizes 2 1/2 to 6.

Misses' Genuine Goat Button Boot, worked button holes, only \$1.30 a pair, regular price \$1.75; sizes 11 to 2.

Misses' fine Kid Button Boots. These will go at \$1.50 a pair, reduced from \$2.50; A. and B. widths only, sizes 11 to 2.

Gents' Holiday Slippers \$1 to \$3.50 a pair, sizes 5 to 11.

The Shoe Dept., 1st Floor.
D. CRAWFORD & CO.
BROADWAY AND FRANKLIN AV.



FOR MEDICINAL USE
NO FUSEOIL.
Absolutely Pure and Unadulterated.
IN USE
HOSPITALS,
CURATIVE INSTITUTIONS,
INFIRMARIES,
AND
PRESCRIBED BY PHYSICIANS EVERYWHERE.
CURES
CONSUMPTION,
HEMORRHAGES
And all Wasting Diseases
INEBRIETY,
HABITUAL DRUNKENNESS,
DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION,
MALARIA.
THE ONLY
PURE STIMULANT

FOR THE SICK, INVALIDS,
CONVALESCING PATIENTS,
AGED PEOPLE,
WEAK AND DEBILITATED WOMEN.
For Sale by Druggists
Price One Dollar per Bottle.

Persons east of the Rocky Mountains unable to get this medicine may have it sent by Mail, postage paid, by remitting Six Dollars to
The Duffy Malt Whiskey Co., Baltimore, Md.

All persons using Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey are requested to send their prescriptions to our Medical Office, and we will furnish them free of charge.



46,972
Now in Use,

And they make that many happy homes.
First premiums over all competitors at World's Fair, New Orleans, and St. Louis Fairs 1883 and 1885.
Sold only at our factory, 1901 Washington Av., and by Simmons Hardware Co.

Write for Catalogues to
Wrought-Iron Range Co.
Manufacturers, St. Louis.

HOSTETTER'S
CELEBRATED
HOSTETTER'S
BITTERS

Just the thing to put on over
OLD SHINGLE ROOFS.
Guaranteed
CHEAP
and
Durable
Water
Proof.

JOHN MAGUIRE,
REAL ESTATE AGENT
ED. WALNUT ST. BETWEEN FIFTH AND SIXTH
ST. JAMES HOTEL
Offers special low rates to families and single gentlemen
for the winter.
THOS. P. MILLER, Prop.

\$5,000 REWARD!
On the evening of Friday, November 20, 1885, at about
EX-MAYOR John B. Bowman

of East St. Louis, was most BASELY AND COUARDLY ASSASSINATED, as he was about to enter the yard of his residence, 100 Franklin Street, East St. Louis, Ill., by an unknown party.

A REWARD OF \$5,000

is hereby offered for the ARREST and CONVICTION of the assassin or assassins of this dastardly deed. ANY INFORMATION concerning the same can be communicated to the undersigned or to Detective THOMAS DOWMAN, of the St. Louis Police Department, 174 Fulton Street, New York.

MEN ONLY—A Quick Turnaround. Men wanted for heavy work. No quacking, no quibbling, no quibbling. Apply to the Civilian Agency, No. 174 Fulton Street, New York.

When You are Shopping To-Morrow remember that

PENNY & GENTLES

Are giving extraordinary bargains in

CLOAKS,

Hosiery, Gloves, Underwear and Millinery.

If you want Cloaks for Ladies or Children go to Penny & Gentles.

If you want Hosiery or Gloves go to Penny & Gentles.

If you want Underwear or Millinery go to Penny & Gentles.

It will be money in your pocket if you do your Saturday shopping at the new store of

PENNY & GENTLES,

S. W. Cor. Broadway and Franklin Av.

**ST. BERNARD
DOLLAR
STORE.**

A Large Folding Sewing Table, 1⁰⁰ Handsome Rocking Chair, 1⁰⁰ Beautiful Nickel-Lever Clocks, warranted 1⁰⁰

Every Department

An Exposition within itself; the whole, the greatest collection of New and Useful Goods ever seen in the West.

TOYS The Biggest Stock on Earth. DOLLS

Seed Stamp for Illustrated Catalogue.

Country Merchants, visitors, Wholesale Department before buying.

Oh! my Head

How many terrible aches one's poor head has, and what suffering is caused by these headaches. Relief may be had from Nervous, Neuralgia, or Sciatica, and the effects of rheumatism, it is almost a specific.

What is not a cure-all, which is a cure for Nervous Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Sciatica and Gout. No physician can have good results in these diseases unless he has obtained a strong endorsement from the medical profession.

TOWALINE has already done good service in two cases of Neuralgia. See Dr. T. E. Hermann, M. D., Cincinnati, Ohio.

TOWALINE has always done good service in two cases of Neuralgia. See Dr. T. E. Hermann, M. D., Cincinnati, Ohio.

PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

A. MELLIER, Sole Proprietor, 709 and 711 WASHINGTON AVENUE, ST. LOUIS.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

A. MELLIER, Sole Proprietor, 709 and 711 WASHINGTON AVENUE, ST. LOUIS.

A CROOKED FINANCIER.

President Brion of the Hot Springs Bank Held for Larceny.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

Hot Springs, Ark., November 27.—Andrew Brion, president of the Hot Springs National Bank, has been undergoing a preliminary examination here for several days on a charge of embezzlement of funds to the amount of \$10,000 or more. The evidence elicited the facts that Brion while President of the bank became indebted to it for \$10,000, and that he had sold the stock of the holder of certain stock in the Hot Springs water works to the amount of \$20,000; that he then sold the stock of the water works to show a purchase of it to himself at 75 cents on the dollar, by which he realized \$15,000; that he then sold the stock to another, and so on, and so on, until he had made a profit of \$5,000. It is believed that he has committed larceny in this connection, but, although he is a native of South and Central America, where many men are very poor, he is not known to have been a member of any criminal gang.

He is now in jail awaiting trial, and is to be tried on the 2d instant.

He is accused of being a swindler, and his trial is to be held at the Circuit Court of Appeals at the time of the trial of the defendant in the sum of \$30,000 to answer to the next Circuit Court on a charge of larceny and embezzlement. He will be able to give the bail, but it is thought, and others gained entrance to the church and ran the church bell in concert. While the police were carrying out the fugitives, a large crowd gathered at the jail and hooted Roselli. The crowd was for several days, silent yesterday. At noon, however, the principal body was almost entirely demolished. The torn down the piazza, and as the waters rose higher, the surf broke with full force against the side of the house. The entire front and side were dashed to pieces by the force of the waves which reached as high as the second story. Both now without support, the main door was torn off, and the house sank into the sea, and the fall in Vermont and New Hampshire is very heavy, varying in depth from one to two and three feet, while the waves in the Gulf of Mexico are great drafts, which seriously impede travel.

Quoted from the New York Tribune.

THE TIDE BY THE TIDE.

Disastrous Effects of the Storm at Crescent Beach—Heavy Snow.

Boston, Mass., November 27.—The storm, which has raged for several days, subsided yesterday. At noon, however, the principal body was almost entirely demolished. The torn down the piazza, and as the waters rose higher, the surf broke with full force against the side of the house. The entire front and side were dashed to pieces by the force of the waves which reached as high as the second story. Both now without support, the main door was torn off, and the house sank into the sea, and the fall in Vermont and New Hampshire is very heavy, varying in depth from one to two and three feet, while the waves in the Gulf of Mexico are great drafts, which seriously impede travel.

WEAK BADLY HURT.

Robert McInire, of the iron and coal police, and six special officers were on hand and made an effort to quiet the strikers, but not wishing to precipitate a fatal blow by using their revolvers, they retreated to await reinforcements.

The strikers are now in possession of the mines, and have sent for men to help them. They have been told to take up arms, and to be ready to defend themselves.

Two hundred miners are in possession of the mines. A number of men are injured. The police were compelled to retreat, and both sides have sent for reinforcements.

THE RIOT.

The trouble which was anticipated in these dispatches last night took place this morning at Jordan S. Neil's coal yard on Franklin Street. The strikers, who arrived at the pool hall just across the street, started themselves, about 300 strong, near the mines this morning, and as the workmen appeared they arose to obey when they were roughly treated. Neil had 100 men at work last night. When they attempted to return to work they were driven back with sticks and stones.

THE RIOT.

The trouble which was anticipated in these dispatches last night took place this morning at Jordan S. Neil's coal yard on Franklin Street. The strikers, who arrived at the pool hall just across the street, started themselves, about 300 strong, near the mines this morning, and as the workmen appeared they arose to obey when they were roughly treated. Neil had 100 men at work last night. When they attempted to return to work they were driven back with sticks and stones.

THE RIOT.

Robert McInire, of the iron and coal police, and six special officers were on hand and made an effort to quiet the strikers, but not wishing to precipitate a fatal blow by using their revolvers, they retreated to await reinforcements.

The strikers are now in possession of the mines, and have sent for men to help them. They have been told to take up arms, and to be ready to defend themselves.

Two hundred miners are in possession of the mines. A number of men are injured. The police were compelled to retreat, and both sides have sent for reinforcements.

A BAD MOVE.

The Force of Brakemen on the Erie Road Reduced—The Men Dismissed.

New York, November 27.—An order reducing the number of brakemen on passenger trains on the Erie road went into effect yesterday. However, though express trains, as a rule, have a baggage master and two brakemen, under the new order but one brakeman is allowed on local trains and two on the main line. The reduction of the force meets with the strongest opposition of the conductors and baggage masters, who find their work and responsibilities greatly increased.

WHEAT.

The Storage Capacity at Minneapolis Increased—Quantity On Hand.

Minneapolis, Minn., November 27.—There were over 1,000 cars of wheat in sight of Minneapolis yesterday, and Wednesday there were over 1,000 more. The total capacity of the elevators is 10,000,000 bushels, capacity unoccupied, all of which is virtually under contract to prevent surplus. The regular trade is 100,000 bushels a day, and the fall in price has been so great that 100,000 bushels additional are being held, and it is thought that the price will be sent to Duluth for storage.

Mortality Among the Aged.

During the present year the mortality among the aged in this city has been as follows: Between

75 and 80 years of age, 120; between 80 and 85, 65;

between 85 and 90, 30; between 90 and 95, 15;

between 95 and 100, 5; over 100, 1.

The average for the year is 50.

THE SALT HOUSE.

MANHATTAN, N. Y., November 27.—At the Manhattan Salt Range, yesterday, Benjamin Cline

broke the world's record, making 69 out of a possible 70.

THE SALT HOUSE.

Manhattan, N. Y., November 27.—At the Man-

hattan Salt Range, yesterday, Benjamin Cline

broke the world's record, making 69 out of a pos-

sible 70.

THE SALT HOUSE.

Manhattan, N. Y., November 27.—At the Man-

hattan Salt Range, yesterday, Benjamin Cline

broke the world's record, making 69 out of a pos-

sible 70.

THE SALT HOUSE.

Manhattan, N. Y., November 27.—At the Man-

hattan Salt Range, yesterday, Benjamin Cline

broke the world's record, making 69 out of a pos-

sible 70.

THE SALT HOUSE.

Manhattan, N. Y., November 27.—At the Man-

hattan Salt Range, yesterday, Benjamin Cline

broke the world's record, making 69 out of a pos-

sible 70.

THE SALT HOUSE.

Manhattan, N. Y., November 27.—At the Man-

hattan Salt Range, yesterday, Benjamin Cline

broke the world's record, making 69 out of a pos-

sible 70.

THE SALT HOUSE.

Manhattan, N. Y., November 27.—At the Man-

hattan Salt Range, yesterday, Benjamin Cline

broke the world's record, making 69 out of a pos-

sible 70.

TORY TRIUMPHS.

The Liberals Encounter Numerous Defeats in the Pending Elections.

Partial Returns Showing Conservative Gains—The Balkans War—Reported Capture of Pirot by the Bulgarians Denied—Servians Bombarding Widdin—The Threatened Republican Rising in Spain—Don Carlos Active—The Burmese War—Foreign News.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

LONDON, November 27.—There was not a single Liberal gain in yesterday's elections. Moderate returned to the House of Commons, while Liberal, by a majority of six times, that of the great Conservative return of 1874. The result of the metropolitan polling is thirty Tories and seventeen Liberals. The votes cast in the metropolis show a Tory majority of 15,834. In liberal circles blank despair rules. The Irish leaders are grimly triumphant, while the Conservative cause conquers the state of mind of Englishmen. The seats of the Conservatives may be described as one of solid triumph, so far as it is possible to estimate, the others in the prevailing excitement are two crises which seem to be at the bottom of this triumphant reaction, "fair trade" among the workers of the converted manufacturing districts, and "the Church in danger" among the clergy and Liberal churchmen. The foreign policy of the late Government, especially the wicked experiences in Egypt, must also be credited with a share of this moderation.

THE ELECTIONS.

LONDON, November 27.—The following are additional returns from Parliament's elections: Bedfordshire, D. C., Mr. Bowring (Conservative), 3,030; Mr. Wormsley, 692; Dr. Leads (Conservative), 87; East Division, E. S. Cabell (Conservative), 1,000; Sir T. F. Carter (Conservative), 2,993; Mr. Murray, 837.

BURGESS AT NOTTINGHAM.

The Tories returned three Liberals. Excited crowds of men still throng the streets of Nottingham, and have been shouting loudly.

PARTY GAINS.

The results of the elections for the House of Commons are as follows: 117 Liberals and 30 Conservatives.

CONSERVATIVE GAINS.

LONDON, November 27.—The state of siege has been proclaimed in the provinces of Barcelona and Cartagena and the Canary Islands. Dispatches from all points, however, report a tranquil state of affairs.

MOURNING IN CUBA.

HAVANA, November 27.—The Exchange and all theaters and other places of amusement are closed because of the death of King Alfonso. The Government buildings, foreign consulates and many private houses display draped flags at half mast. The fortresses and all the war ships in the harbor fired guns every hour of the day yesterday.

The Government was not satisfied with the return of the Conservative party, a delegation from the Spanish mission in a number of colonies of volunteers, who expressed their sympathy with the Government on the country's loss. Funeral services, on a large scale, will be held on the day of interment. The people manifest great anxiety to know what will happen in Spain. The Governor-General has been authorized by the home government to take all necessary measures to prevent disorder.

REJOICE IN ALFONSO'S DEATH.

PARIS, November 27.—The members of the Intransigent party are jubilant over the death of King Alfonso.

CARLOS ACTIVE.

The Carlist chiefs in this city have received a number of telegrams from Don Carlos. The dispatches indicate that Don Carlos expects a republican rising in Spain, as the outcome of the death of King Alfonso, and that he believes the army will suppress the rising and rally to his support.

THE BALKANS WAR.

TELEGRAM TO THE POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 27.—The Cabinet went into special session at 11:30 this morning and did not conclude its meeting till past 2 o'clock. The main body of King Milos' troops had been sent to the frontier of Prilej, and the Servians were being defeated. The Servian reserves, notwithstanding the formation of an army of defense at Niash, detachments of Roumanian militia are being forwarded as reinforcements for Prince Alexander. A second Bulgarian army, composed of reserves and Roumanian militia, is concentrating at Sofia. Roumanian reserves are mobilizing at Philippopolis under General Bratianu.

MILAN'S APPEAL TO AUSTRIA.

SERIA, November 27.—The Bulgarians yesterday vigorously attacked the Servians at Prilej, and captured the city after being twice repulsed. The Ministers have started to join King Milan at Niash. Large bodies of Servian troops are hastening to the front.

FIRST NOT CAPTURED.

EDINBURGH, November 27.—It is rumored here that the Bulgarians captured Pirot yesterday, but nothing was reported. It appears that the entire Bulgarian army made an attack on Pirot. A prolonged struggle ensued, during which the Servian artillery rendered excellent service and maintained such an effective fire that the Bulgarians were repulsed. The losses of the Bulgarians are reported to be very heavy.

THE BALKANS WAR.

TELEGRAM TO THE POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 27.—The new mail arrives to Brazil, via Newport, New York, to be opened December 8. The steamer "Finance of the United States and Brazil Line, leaving New York on the second, will take the first trip down the coast to open the new station with

WHITE HOUSE CALLERS.

PEOPLE WHO CALLED TO DAY TO SHAKE THE PRESIDENT'S HAND.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 27.—There were visitors arriving and departing from the White House in large numbers from noon to 8 o'clock yesterday.

THE OTHER MURDERS.

OF THE REMAINDER OF THE CONDEMNED THERE IS NOT MUCH TO BE SAID. THERE WERE FIVE OTHERS, HOWEVER, WHO DIED AT FROG LAKE. IRON BODY (NAPASE) AND LITTLE BEAR (APACHAKO) WERE TRIED FOR THE MURDER OF GEORGE DILL, ONE OF THE FIRST VICTIMS OF THE CATHOLIC CHURCH AT THAT PLACE.

His companion was shot down beside him, and seeing that he had no chance of escaping from his savage pursuers he stopped his horse and lay wounded in the mud. The Indians who had taken no part in the massacre. Both these prisoners were condemned.

POWERS OF THE DEAD.

They have ordinary Indian features, with little to distinguish them from others. Iron Body (Napase) and Little Bear (Apachako) were tried for the murder of George Dill, one of the first victims of the Catholic church at that place.

Messrs. S. S. Duffy, J. D. Fischer, John Ross and Dr. R. R. Morrison of Pittsburgh, Pa., have arrived in the iron bridge over Rock Creek at the Center Hill road, John S. Doyle has been appointed United States marshal for the Fairmount District. He is well known in this city.

ELIAS THE FAIR.

John Ross, the United States marshal for the Fairmount District, was repulsed. It appears that the entire Bulgarian army made an attack on Pirot. A prolonged struggle ensued, during which the Servian artillery rendered excellent service and maintained such an effective fire that the Bulgarians were repulsed. The losses of the Bulgarians are reported to be very heavy.

THE BALKANS WAR.

TELEGRAM TO THE POST-DISPATCH.

EDINBURGH, November 27.—No dynastic changes in Serbia are expected. Austrian influence in Serbia is waning because Russia initiated the movement for an armistice, and the latter power has grown considerably in the esteem of the Servians. A change of ministry, which may occur on account of this transfer of feeling will not affect the fidelity of King Milan to Austria.

GENERAL LOUKASCU'S WOUNDS.

General Loukascu, of the Serbian army, re-

ported to be bombarding Widdin and expects the surrender of the city to-day.

PIROT.

RAMZAN, November 27.—An official dispatch from General Prendergast, commander of the British expeditionary force, states that the British had a successful fight with the Burmese at Pagan, on the 22nd instant, and he expects to reach Mandalay, the capital of Burma, to-morrow.

MANZALA.

Monday is about ten miles from the Irrawaddy River, so it will be rather far away for any time. It lies an effective fire from the British gunboats, should they get up to it. There is a massive brick wall with a battlemented parapet all round the four sides. Each wall has a gate and over the gates are towers with seven roofs, all of them bright with gilding. At regular intervals there are small towers, which serve the purpose of guard houses. The walls are surrounded by a deep ditch 150 feet wide.

THE BRITISH CAPTURE MINGUN.

The British expeditionary force has captured Mingun after a sharp fight with the Burmese. Three of the British soldiers were killed.

THE CARIBBEANS.

NOVEMBER 27.—The signature of the Caribbeans, Ayer the Spanish Ambassador and the Prussian Minister to the Vatican is imminent. Spain has conceded the same advantage to England that she has given Germany, in return for which England is to recognize Spain's sovereignty over the Carolinas and Puerto Rico.

THE DOMINION.

NOVEMBER 27.—The British dominion is now fixed on the counties. Unless these stem the Tory tide there is not the slightest chance of a Liberal majority. Nothing is really known about the agricultural laborer, but the general is rather friendly to him. The state of mind of the Liberals may be described as one of solid triumph, so far as it is possible to estimate, the others in the prevailing excitement are two crises which seem to be at the bottom of this triumphant reaction, "fair trade" among the workers of the converted manufacturing districts, and "the Church in danger" among the clergy and Liberal churchmen. The foreign policy of the late Government, especially the wicked experiences in Egypt, must also be credited with a share of this moderation.

ANDRÉ ADRIEN.

NOVEMBER 27.—The signature of the Caribbeans, Ayer the Spanish Ambassador and the Prussian Minister to the Vatican is imminent. Spain has conceded the same advantage to England that she has given Germany, in return for which England is to recognize Spain's sovereignty over the Carolinas and Puerto Rico.

CHARLOTTEVILLE, VA., NOVEMBER 27.—The election of F. E. L. M. Murray (Conservative), 2,993; Mr. T. C. Carr (Conservative), 1,000.

CHARLOTTEVILLE, NOVEMBER 27.—The election of F. E. L. M. Murray (Conservative), 2,993; Mr. T. C. Carr (Conservative), 1,000.

CHARLOTTEVILLE, NOVEMBER 27.—The election of F. E. L. M. Murray (Conservative), 2,993; Mr. T. C. Carr (Conservative), 1,000.

CHARLOTTEVILLE, NOVEMBER 27.—The election of F. E. L. M. Murray (Conservative), 2,993; Mr. T. C. Carr (Conservative), 1,000.

CHARLOTTEVILLE, NOVEMBER 27.—The election of F. E. L. M. Murray (Conservative), 2,993; Mr. T. C. Carr (Conservative), 1,000.

CHARLOTTEVILLE, NOVEMBER 27.—The election of F. E. L. M. Murray (Conservative), 2,993; Mr. T. C. Carr (Conservative), 1,000.

CHARLOTTEVILLE, NOVEMBER 27.—The election of F. E. L. M. Murray (Conservative), 2,993; Mr. T. C. Carr (Conservative), 1,000.

CHARLOTTEVILLE, NOVEMBER 27.—The election of F. E. L. M. Murray (Conservative), 2,993; Mr. T. C. Carr (Conservative), 1,000.

CHARLOTTEVILLE, NOVEMBER 27.—The election of F. E. L. M. Murray (Conservative), 2,993; Mr. T. C. Carr (Conservative), 1,000.

CHARLOTTEVILLE, NOVEMBER 27.—The election of F. E. L. M. Murray (Conservative), 2,993; Mr. T. C. Carr (Conservative), 1,000.

CHARLOTTEVILLE, NOVEMBER 27.—The election of F. E. L. M. Murray (Conservative), 2,993; Mr. T. C. Carr (Conservative), 1,000.

CHARLOTTEVILLE, NOVEMBER 27.—The election of F. E. L. M. Murray (Conservative), 2,993; Mr. T. C. Carr (Conservative), 1,000.

CHARLOTTEVILLE, NOVEMBER 27.—The election of F. E. L. M. Murray (Conservative), 2,993; Mr. T. C. Carr (Conservative), 1,000.

CHARLOTTEVILLE, NOVEMBER 27.—The election of F. E. L. M. Murray (Conservative), 2,993; Mr. T. C. Carr (Conservative), 1,000.

CHARLOTTEVILLE, NOVEMBER 27.—The election of F. E. L. M. Murray (Conservative), 2,993; Mr. T. C. Carr (Conservative), 1,000.

CHARLOTTEVILLE, NOVEMBER 27.—The election of F. E. L. M. Murray (Conservative), 2,993; Mr. T. C. Carr (Conservative), 1,000.

CHARLOTTEVILLE, NOVEMBER 27.—The election of F. E. L. M. Murray (Conservative), 2,993; Mr. T. C. Carr (Conservative), 1,000.

CHARLOTTEVILLE, NOVEMBER 27.—The election of F. E. L. M. Murray (Conservative), 2,993; Mr. T. C. Carr (Conservative), 1,000.

CHARLOTTEVILLE, NOVEMBER 27.—The election of F. E. L. M. Murray (Conservative), 2,993; Mr. T. C. Carr (Conservative), 1,000.

CHARLOTTEVILLE, NOVEMBER 27.—The election of F. E. L. M. Murray (Conservative), 2,993; Mr. T. C. Carr (Conservative), 1,000.

CHARLOTTEVILLE, NOVEMBER 27.—The election of F. E. L. M. Murray (Conservative), 2,993; Mr. T. C. Carr (Conservative), 1,000.

CHARLOTTEVILLE, NOVEMBER 27.—The election of F. E. L. M. Murray (Conservative), 2,993; Mr. T. C. Carr (Conservative), 1,000.

CHARLOTTEVILLE, NOVEMBER 27.—The election of F. E. L. M. Murray (Conservative), 2,993; Mr. T. C. Carr (Conservative), 1,000.

CHARLOTTEVILLE, NOVEMBER 27.—The election of F. E. L. M. Murray (Conservative), 2,993; Mr. T. C. Carr (Conservative), 1,000.

CHARLOTTEVILLE, NOVEMBER 27.—The election of F. E. L. M. Murray (Conservative), 2,993; Mr. T. C. Carr (Conservative), 1,000.

CHARLOTTEVILLE, NOVEMBER 27.—The election of F. E. L. M. Murray (Conservative), 2,993; Mr. T. C. Carr (Conservative), 1,000.

CHARLOTTEVILLE, NOVEMBER 27.—The election of F. E. L. M. Murray (Conservative), 2,993; Mr. T. C. Carr (Conservative), 1,000.

CHARLOTTEVILLE, NOVEMBER 27.—The election of F. E. L. M. Murray (Conservative), 2,993; Mr. T. C. Carr (Conservative), 1,000.

CHARLOTTEVILLE, NOVEMBER 27.—The election of F. E. L. M. Murray (Conservative), 2,993; Mr. T. C. Carr (Conservative), 1,000.

CHARLOTTEVILLE, NOVEMBER 27.—The election of F. E. L. M. Murray (Conservative), 2,993; Mr. T. C. Carr (Conservative), 1,000.

CHARLOTTEVILLE, NOVEMBER 27.—The election of F. E. L. M. Murray (Conservative), 2,993; Mr. T. C. Carr (Conservative), 1,000.

CHARLOTTEVILLE, NOVEMBER 27.—The election of F. E. L. M. Murray (Conservative), 2,993; Mr. T. C. Carr (Conservative), 1,000.

CHARLOTTEVILLE, NOVEMBER 27.—The election of F. E. L. M. Murray (Conservative), 2,993; Mr. T. C. Carr (Conservative), 1,000.

CHARLOTTEVILLE, NOVEMBER 27.—The election of F. E. L. M. Murray (Conservative), 2,993; Mr. T. C. Carr (Conservative), 1,000.

CHARLOTTEVILLE, NOVEMBER 27.—The election of F. E. L. M. Murray (Conservative), 2,993; Mr. T. C. Carr (Conservative), 1,000.

CHARLOTTEVILLE, NOVEMBER 27.—The election of F. E. L. M. Murray (Conservative), 2,993; Mr. T. C. Carr (Conservative), 1,000.

CHARLOTTEVILLE, NOVEMBER 27.—The election of F. E. L. M. Murray (Conservative), 2,993; Mr. T. C. Carr (Conservative), 1,000.

CHARLOTTEVILLE, NOVEMBER 27.—The election of F. E. L. M. Murray (Conservative), 2,993; Mr. T. C. Carr (Conservative), 1,000.

CHARLOTTEVILLE, NOVEMBER 27.—The election of F. E. L. M. Murray (Conservative), 2,993; Mr. T. C. Carr (Conservative), 1,000.

CHARLOTTEVILLE, NOVEMBER 27.—The election of F. E. L. M. Murray (Conservative), 2,993; Mr. T. C. Carr (Conservative), 1,000.

CHARLOTTEVILLE,

SALE

Finley & Hull.

NOT AN
OVERCOAT or SUIT
For Man, Boy or Child,

Sold by us that has not perfection in every requirement; this is the past, present, and will be the future reputation of this house.

For every dollar we receive from our patrons

we want them to feel safe and realize every benefit in trading with us, as it is our aim to give much, if not more, than any other house in our line of business.

Overcoats and Suits

In the Largest Supply!

In the Latest Styles!

In the Best Materials!

In the Greatest Demand!

At Prices Still the Lowest.

FINLEY & HULL,

Capitol City Clothing House,
118 North Fourth Street, Opposite
Plaster's House.

MEN'S WHITE SHIRTS!
The Celebrated STAR Brand,
ONE DOLLAR.

THE CITY HALL

The Day's News at the Big Municipal Barn.

Tearing Up the Streets Under the Water Gas Ordinance—The Cabinet Stand Question—Committee Meetings—Bill Wants No Job—Notes.

"Quite a bugbear has been made of the tearing up of the granite pavements should the water gas bill become a law," said Col. Fidell to-day. "The ditch necessary for the laying of the mains needs to be only about two feet wide, and the granite can be laid in such a way that it will not be before, or after, the time when it will be, to a certain degree, a disagreeable thing for the streets to be torn up, but the granite pavements will suffer much less than the wood and asphalt." It is the duty of the Street Commissioner to see that the stones are properly related, and experience in this line has shown that granite can be successfully removed.

It Will Pass.

Assessor Mott's bill now pending in the House, asking for the additional help in his office of eight men, is in a singularly fortunate condition to pass. It was introduced into the House last week with a majority of Republicans. It stands a very fair show of passage. In fact, it is given out as certain that it will pass. On the other hand it is certain to receive favorable consideration from the Council. Indeed, as the bill is, it has a definite majority of supporters in both houses. A recent report being filed by Democrats in either case the bill has bright prospects and a few hungry opponents have already applied to Mr. Mott for post-

masters!

All wall badges.

One set in the balcony.

To get the next convention?

It is growing in popular favor.

It is wanted the new committee to go to the state capital for their badges.

One of Kentucky's best delegations got a word in edgeways yesterday, and Colorado never speaks as they pass.

IN ASSESSMENTS is worse than \$100 in

it will be: Brand on the horn, hoof or tail.

Afternoons, in accordance with the announcement of the chairman, the cattlemen's association adjourned on the subject of cattle in session by Hon. W. H. Basson, the reason in.

LAW—Loop.

Deputy Recorder of Yards General John Bell de-

sires to deny, and in a very forcible manner by the way, that either he or Mr. Hobartelle are at all anxious of securing a position under the newly appointed Commissioners of the General Land Office.

Indeed, the recorder is a very well educated and upright man, and is armed with repeating rifles, and is a member of the rifle corps.

A recent report of the Texas delegation favors the Cattlemen's entry.

But the squatters are bound to what they claim to be their rights.

AN AMERICAN HOME.

Where Wealth and Hospitality are Beautifully Blended.

New York Letter in Boston Sunday Gazette.

Miss Hewitt, the daughter of Abram S. Hewitt, is said to be particularly well up in horses and music, and has organized an orchestra among the young ladies of New York, which will be heard in private winter. The Hewitts are to be married in the spring.

They have had a good time in Europe.

They are to be married in the spring.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch,
PUBLISHED BY
THE DISPATCH PUBLISHING CO.
JOSEPH PULITZER, President

(Entered at the Post Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second class mail matter.)

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

One year, postage paid.....	\$5.00
Six months.....	4.50
Three months.....	3.25
One month.....	1.25
One month delivered by carrier.....	1.25
By the week (delivered by carrier).....	1.25
Subscribers who fail to receive their paper regularly will confer a favor upon us by reporting the same to this office by postal card.	

THE WEEKLY.

One year, postage pa d.....	\$1.00
Six months, postage paid.....	.60
All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed	

POST-DISPATCH,
515 and 517 Market street.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1885.

A MUSICAL MEN'S TO-NIGHT.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE, Our Pedigreed
COLUMBIA—Theatres—Walton and Elm—Shaw's Lawns.
POETRY—Theatre—Columbia—The Private Secretary,
FREDLEY (Stock and Walnut streets)—Hales & Hart
First Prize 15th.

STANDARD (Grand Walnut)—Hot Water,
Caroline, etc.—New Haven—Great Western Specialty Co.

CARLTON (15th, near Franklin st.)—p. m. to 10 p.m.

PARADISE (16th and Washington st.)—Site of Paris
MUSEUM OF FINE ARTS (15th and Locust st.)—Open daily.

STAR (Elm)—Nostalgia and Flora.

CHARLES GRANT—Cafe and Olive Grove.

EDGERTON SEATING ACADEMY—Thirteen and Olive.

IT IS PREDICTED TO-MORROW.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE, Our Pedigreed
COLUMBIA—Shaw's Lawns.

POETRY—The Private Secretary.

FREDLEY—Hales & Hart's First Prize Ideas.

STANDARD—Hot Water.

CARLTON—Grand Walnut—New Specialty Company.

MAYER FRANCIS has called a mass meeting of citizens at Exposition Hall at 8 p.m. on Saturday, to take action respecting the death of Vice-President HENDRICKS.

The Tory tidal wave is sweeping everything before it in England. GLADSTONE's Edinburgh speech had no more effect than Dame Partington's mop had in keeping the waves back during the great storm at Slidmouth.

The St. Joseph Gazette talks wisely and well about rotation in office as one of the fundamental ideas of Democracy, with special application to the United States. Rotation!

Oh word of fear,

Unpleasing to the Senate's ear.

MR. SOC. NEWMAN has nothing to say about the gas question except that the old monopoly will rely on the courts to shut out competition, and will never put down the price of gas until it is forced to do so. This announcement can hardly be regarded as news.

HAVING seen the Missouri Democracy "come to the polls weaker and weaker every year," the St. Joseph Gazette points its warning finger at the debilitating effect of an "office-holding dynasty." What else can you call this, league of barnacles, brothers-in-law and Dark Lancers? Dicks?

The only property injuriously affected by legislation in favor of cheaper gas in this city is property that has been wronged from the people of St. Louis by a merciless monopoly which has hastened at no corruption in securing every drop of the blood's heat of St. Louis that was "nominated in the bond."

"How big was ALEXANDER?" The St. Joseph Gazette tells us that the Senatorial boss is a giant only while his party is down on its knees to him. The moment the party gets up, it looks down upon him shrunk to pigmy size. The Gazette not only has lucid intervals but moments of dazzling inspiration.

It does not take the Council of the people long to make up their minds that they want cheaper gas. But the question whether they will give it to us or not seems to bother the Winter Gas people so much that they actually ask for time enough to consult the Eastern directors of their company on the subject.

IN the warm local contests over the Prohibition issue the colored Georgians are enjoying the novelty of a division at the ballot-box that cuts straight across race lines, with the white men of both sides courting colored voters and actively protecting their rights at the ballot-box. The effect on the future relations of the races must be wholesome.

NO MATTER what pressure of other duties may keep President CLEVELAND from going to Indianapolis now, it will be felt that he has been influenced by this dime novel talk about the dangers that menace his precious life. He is in no more danger now than when he went to the Adirondacks or when he went to Buffalo to vote. As he goes to Indianapolis and returns unharmed, there will be less talk about guarding him like a Russian Czar hereafter.

IF WEST and COCKRELL can rig a dual boss machine of relatives' newspaper syndicates and Dark Lancer Dicks strong enough to put COCKRELL back in the Senate for a third term, why shouldn't it be strong enough to give Vass a third term, and snuff out for a whole generation all the young ability that has had birth among 2,500,000 Missourians? BENTON was Missouri's political dictator in the Senate for thirty years. But that was when their people were but a handful of pioneers scattered over a vast wilderness.

HON. J. WATSON FERRY, a member of the distinguished law firm that does all the legal and political business of the Nettleton roads at Kansas City, has been appointed by Governor MARMADUKE to succeed Postmaster SHELLEY as Police Commissioner for that city. Mr. FERRY is the most brilliant amateur comedian in the United States, and whenever the Kamble Club has him in the case people are turned away from the Opera House with the information

that there is not even standing room left. The fact that he has not eclipsed JOE JEFFERSON and all the other stars on the stage, is owing altogether to the success of the railroads in monopolizing all the best talents in the country.

THE TORY TRIUMPH.

English election returns are a complete surprise to the coolest as well as to the most sanguine calculators on both sides. The losses of the Liberals in their own strongholds have been astounding. They have no ground for a hope that the reaction against them in the boroughs will be checked in the rural constituencies, where Tory influences predominate and where the newly-enfranchised farm laborers naturally follow the country squires in politics. With 117 Liberals, 112 Tories and 10 Farnellites elected so far—a net gain of 24 seats for the Tories in the election of only about one-third of the whole House—the Tories claim that they will have a net majority of 51 over the Liberals, when all the seats are filled. And that they will have a majority over Peelites and all combined. If Mr. PARNELL should be left out in the cold by an unexpected Tory majority, when he feared only an overwhelming Liberal majority, he will feel that he made a terrible mistake in not listening to DAVIDTY's warnings and advising Home Rulers in England to vote with their natural allies, the English Democracy, for trustworthy Radical candidates rather than for Tories. In spite of the PARNELL manifesto, DAVIDTY has advised the friends of Ireland in England, and if the Tory majority shall prove large enough to defeat all of Ireland's hopes, the manifesto will be loudly blamed for the unoward result. That manifesto, combining with the stamping effect of the unhappy church disestablishment issue on the Whigs, has sufficed to upset all calculations. GLASTONBURY's attempt to parry and postpone the church issue seems to have disgusted the Radicals without satisfying the Whigs, and gratitude for all that GLADSTONE has done, or proposed to do, for Ireland and for Democracy in England, has been forgotten in Radical impatience for church disestablishment and Irish vengeance on the leaders who permitted the wrongs wrought by the Foster and Spencer administrations with the coercion act. It may be, however, that both Whigs and Tories may be taught a lesson by the manifest causes of the reaction against the Liberals, and that the cause of Ireland may, after all, be indirectly strengthened by the

"TWELVE years in the Senate takes a man away from the people," says the St. Joseph Gazette, "and the Senate to-day is an aristocratic body governed largely by despotic ideas." If you do not believe it, just read the howls with which the organ of Senator COCKRELL and his office-holding brothers-in-people are filled, and that they will have a majority over Peelites and all combined. If Mr. PARNELL should be left out in the cold by an unexpected Tory majority, when he feared only an overwhelming Liberal majority, he will feel that he made a terrible mistake in not listening to DAVIDTY's warnings and advising Home Rulers in England to vote with their natural allies, the English Democracy, for trustworthy Radical candidates rather than for Tories. In spite of the PARNELL manifesto, DAVIDTY has advised the friends of Ireland in England, and if the Tory majority shall prove large enough to defeat all of Ireland's hopes, the manifesto will be loudly blamed for the unoward result. That manifesto, combining with the stamping effect of the unhappy church disestablishment issue on the Whigs, has sufficed to upset all calculations. GLASTONBURY's attempt to parry and postpone the church issue seems to have disgusted the Radicals without satisfying the Whigs, and gratitude for all that GLADSTONE has done, or proposed to do, for Ireland and for Democracy in England, has been forgotten in Radical impatience for church disestablishment and Irish vengeance on the leaders who permitted the wrongs wrought by the Foster and Spencer administrations with the coercion act. It may be, however, that both Whigs and Tories may be taught a lesson by the manifest causes of the reaction against the Liberals, and that the cause of Ireland may, after all, be indirectly strengthened by the

no competition and no cheaper gas south of Washington avenue, where we now have to pay \$2.50. Is the Water Gas concern to be only the bludger with which the old monopoly coerces the Lacides? In the decision of Judge LEWIS of the Court of Appeals, heretofore printed in the Post-Dispatch, there is a very strong and striking intimation that an act of the Legislature similar to that which enabled the Lacides to break down the St. Louis Company's monopoly fences and force it to a division of territory would enable any other company to lay pipe all over the southern part of the city and compete with the \$2.50 concern. If the Water Gas Company is not going to strike some blow in behalf of the most sorely oppressed section, we cannot see how its franchise can afford much relief to the city.

NO MAN can know the wide range of the medicinal virtues of whisky or appreciate the care-all versatility of its properties, until he has read a report of the sales of this popular medicine by the Prohibition drug stores in Topeka. Their reports show the diseases for which it is prescribed, and the list includes lung disease, dyspepsia, neuralgia, biliousness, malaria, chills, kidney complaints, rheumatism, palpitation of the heart, colds, fevers, indigestion, cholera morbus, colic, sick stomach, bowel complaints, general debility, and everything else that any patent medicine was ever warranted to cure. The reported sales indicate an annual traffic of \$162,431, and that Topeka enjoys more sickness than any other town of its size between the two oceans.

"TWELVE years in the Senate takes a man away from the people," says the St. Joseph Gazette, "and the Senate to-day is an aristocratic body governed largely by despotic ideas." If you do not believe it, just read the howls with which the organ of Senator COCKRELL and his office-holding brothers-in-people are filled, and that they will have a majority over Peelites and all combined. If Mr. PARNELL should be left out in the cold by an unexpected Tory majority, when he feared only an overwhelming Liberal majority, he will feel that he made a terrible mistake in not listening to DAVIDTY's warnings and advising Home Rulers in England to vote with their natural allies, the English Democracy, for trustworthy Radical candidates rather than for Tories. In spite of the PARNELL manifesto, DAVIDTY has advised the friends of Ireland in England, and if the Tory majority shall prove large enough to defeat all of Ireland's hopes, the manifesto will be loudly blamed for the unoward result. That manifesto, combining with the stamping effect of the unhappy church disestablishment issue on the Whigs, has sufficed to upset all calculations. GLASTONBURY's attempt to parry and postpone the church issue seems to have disgusted the Radicals without satisfying the Whigs, and gratitude for all that GLADSTONE has done, or proposed to do, for Ireland and for Democracy in England, has been forgotten in Radical impatience for church disestablishment and Irish vengeance on the leaders who permitted the wrongs wrought by the Foster and Spencer administrations with the coercion act. It may be, however, that both Whigs and Tories may be taught a lesson by the manifest causes of the reaction against the Liberals, and that the cause of Ireland may, after all, be indirectly strengthened by the

"TWELVE years in the Senate takes a man away from the people," says the St. Joseph Gazette, "and the Senate to-day is an aristocratic body governed largely by despotic ideas." If you do not believe it, just read the howls with which the organ of Senator COCKRELL and his office-holding brothers-in-people are filled, and that they will have a majority over Peelites and all combined. If Mr. PARNELL should be left out in the cold by an unexpected Tory majority, when he feared only an overwhelming Liberal majority, he will feel that he made a terrible mistake in not listening to DAVIDTY's warnings and advising Home Rulers in England to vote with their natural allies, the English Democracy, for trustworthy Radical candidates rather than for Tories. In spite of the PARNELL manifesto, DAVIDTY has advised the friends of Ireland in England, and if the Tory majority shall prove large enough to defeat all of Ireland's hopes, the manifesto will be loudly blamed for the unoward result. That manifesto, combining with the stamping effect of the unhappy church disestablishment issue on the Whigs, has sufficed to upset all calculations. GLASTONBURY's attempt to parry and postpone the church issue seems to have disgusted the Radicals without satisfying the Whigs, and gratitude for all that GLADSTONE has done, or proposed to do, for Ireland and for Democracy in England, has been forgotten in Radical impatience for church disestablishment and Irish vengeance on the leaders who permitted the wrongs wrought by the Foster and Spencer administrations with the coercion act. It may be, however, that both Whigs and Tories may be taught a lesson by the manifest causes of the reaction against the Liberals, and that the cause of Ireland may, after all, be indirectly strengthened by the

"TWELVE years in the Senate takes a man away from the people," says the St. Joseph Gazette, "and the Senate to-day is an aristocratic body governed largely by despotic ideas." If you do not believe it, just read the howls with which the organ of Senator COCKRELL and his office-holding brothers-in-people are filled, and that they will have a majority over Peelites and all combined. If Mr. PARNELL should be left out in the cold by an unexpected Tory majority, when he feared only an overwhelming Liberal majority, he will feel that he made a terrible mistake in not listening to DAVIDTY's warnings and advising Home Rulers in England to vote with their natural allies, the English Democracy, for trustworthy Radical candidates rather than for Tories. In spite of the PARNELL manifesto, DAVIDTY has advised the friends of Ireland in England, and if the Tory majority shall prove large enough to defeat all of Ireland's hopes, the manifesto will be loudly blamed for the unoward result. That manifesto, combining with the stamping effect of the unhappy church disestablishment issue on the Whigs, has sufficed to upset all calculations. GLASTONBURY's attempt to parry and postpone the church issue seems to have disgusted the Radicals without satisfying the Whigs, and gratitude for all that GLADSTONE has done, or proposed to do, for Ireland and for Democracy in England, has been forgotten in Radical impatience for church disestablishment and Irish vengeance on the leaders who permitted the wrongs wrought by the Foster and Spencer administrations with the coercion act. It may be, however, that both Whigs and Tories may be taught a lesson by the manifest causes of the reaction against the Liberals, and that the cause of Ireland may, after all, be indirectly strengthened by the

"TWELVE years in the Senate takes a man away from the people," says the St. Joseph Gazette, "and the Senate to-day is an aristocratic body governed largely by despotic ideas." If you do not believe it, just read the howls with which the organ of Senator COCKRELL and his office-holding brothers-in-people are filled, and that they will have a majority over Peelites and all combined. If Mr. PARNELL should be left out in the cold by an unexpected Tory majority, when he feared only an overwhelming Liberal majority, he will feel that he made a terrible mistake in not listening to DAVIDTY's warnings and advising Home Rulers in England to vote with their natural allies, the English Democracy, for trustworthy Radical candidates rather than for Tories. In spite of the PARNELL manifesto, DAVIDTY has advised the friends of Ireland in England, and if the Tory majority shall prove large enough to defeat all of Ireland's hopes, the manifesto will be loudly blamed for the unoward result. That manifesto, combining with the stamping effect of the unhappy church disestablishment issue on the Whigs, has sufficed to upset all calculations. GLASTONBURY's attempt to parry and postpone the church issue seems to have disgusted the Radicals without satisfying the Whigs, and gratitude for all that GLADSTONE has done, or proposed to do, for Ireland and for Democracy in England, has been forgotten in Radical impatience for church disestablishment and Irish vengeance on the leaders who permitted the wrongs wrought by the Foster and Spencer administrations with the coercion act. It may be, however, that both Whigs and Tories may be taught a lesson by the manifest causes of the reaction against the Liberals, and that the cause of Ireland may, after all, be indirectly strengthened by the

"TWELVE years in the Senate takes a man away from the people," says the St. Joseph Gazette, "and the Senate to-day is an aristocratic body governed largely by despotic ideas." If you do not believe it, just read the howls with which the organ of Senator COCKRELL and his office-holding brothers-in-people are filled, and that they will have a majority over Peelites and all combined. If Mr. PARNELL should be left out in the cold by an unexpected Tory majority, when he feared only an overwhelming Liberal majority, he will feel that he made a terrible mistake in not listening to DAVIDTY's warnings and advising Home Rulers in England to vote with their natural allies, the English Democracy, for trustworthy Radical candidates rather than for Tories. In spite of the PARNELL manifesto, DAVIDTY has advised the friends of Ireland in England, and if the Tory majority shall prove large enough to defeat all of Ireland's hopes, the manifesto will be loudly blamed for the unoward result. That manifesto, combining with the stamping effect of the unhappy church disestablishment issue on the Whigs, has sufficed to upset all calculations. GLASTONBURY's attempt to parry and postpone the church issue seems to have disgusted the Radicals without satisfying the Whigs, and gratitude for all that GLADSTONE has done, or proposed to do, for Ireland and for Democracy in England, has been forgotten in Radical impatience for church disestablishment and Irish vengeance on the leaders who permitted the wrongs wrought by the Foster and Spencer administrations with the coercion act. It may be, however, that both Whigs and Tories may be taught a lesson by the manifest causes of the reaction against the Liberals, and that the cause of Ireland may, after all, be indirectly strengthened by the

"TWELVE years in the Senate takes a man away from the people," says the St. Joseph Gazette, "and the Senate to-day is an aristocratic body governed largely by despotic ideas." If you do not believe it, just read the howls with which the organ of Senator COCKRELL and his office-holding brothers-in-people are filled, and that they will have a majority over Peelites and all combined. If Mr. PARNELL should be left out in the cold by an unexpected Tory majority, when he feared only an overwhelming Liberal majority, he will feel that he made a terrible mistake in not listening to DAVIDTY's warnings and advising Home Rulers in England to vote with their natural allies, the English Democracy, for trustworthy Radical candidates rather than for Tories. In spite of the PARNELL manifesto, DAVIDTY has advised the friends of Ireland in England, and if the Tory majority shall prove large enough to defeat all of Ireland's hopes, the manifesto will be loudly blamed for the unoward result. That manifesto, combining with the stamping effect of the unhappy church disestablishment issue on the Whigs, has sufficed to upset all calculations. GLASTONBURY's attempt to parry and postpone the church issue seems to have disgusted the Radicals without satisfying the Whigs, and gratitude for all that GLADSTONE has done, or proposed to do, for Ireland and for Democracy in England, has been forgotten in Radical impatience for church disestablishment and Irish vengeance on the leaders who permitted the wrongs wrought by the Foster and Spencer administrations with the coercion act. It may be, however, that both Whigs and Tories may be taught a lesson by the manifest causes of the reaction against the Liberals, and that the cause of Ireland may, after all, be indirectly strengthened by the

"TWELVE years in the Senate takes a man away from the people," says the St. Joseph Gazette, "and the Senate to-day is an aristocratic body governed largely by despotic ideas." If you do not believe it, just read the howls with which the organ of Senator COCKRELL and his office-holding brothers-in-people are filled, and that they will have a majority over Peelites and all combined. If Mr. PARNELL should be left out in the cold by an unexpected Tory majority, when he feared only an overwhelming Liberal majority, he will feel that he made a terrible mistake in not listening to DAVIDTY's warnings and advising Home Rulers in England to vote with their natural allies, the English Democracy, for trustworthy Radical candidates rather than for Tories. In spite of the PARNELL manifesto, DAVIDTY has advised the friends of Ireland in England, and if the Tory majority shall prove large enough to defeat all of Ireland's hopes, the manifesto will be loudly blamed for the unoward result. That manifesto, combining with the stamping effect of the unhappy church disestablishment issue on the Whigs, has sufficed to upset all calculations. GLASTONBURY's attempt to parry and postpone the church issue seems to have disgusted the Radicals without satisfying the Whigs, and gratitude for all that GLADSTONE has done, or proposed to do, for Ireland and for Democracy in England, has been forgotten in Radical impatience for church disestablishment and Irish vengeance on the leaders who permitted the wrongs wrought by the Foster and Spencer administrations with the coercion act. It may be, however, that both Whigs and Tories may be taught a lesson by the manifest causes of the reaction against the Liberals, and that the cause of Ireland may, after all, be indirectly strengthened by the

"TWELVE years in the Senate takes a man away from the people," says the St. Joseph Gazette, "and the Senate to-day is an aristocratic body governed largely by despotic ideas." If you do not believe it, just read the howls with which the organ of Senator COCKRELL and his office-holding brothers-in-people are filled, and that they will have a majority over Peelites and all combined. If Mr. PARNELL should be left out in the cold by an unexpected Tory majority, when he feared only an overwhelming Liberal majority, he will feel that he made a terrible mistake in not listening to DAVIDTY's warnings and advising Home Rulers in England to vote with their natural allies, the English Democracy, for trustworthy Radical candidates rather than for Tories. In spite of the PARNELL manifesto, DAVIDTY has advised the friends of Ireland in England, and if the Tory majority shall prove large enough to defeat all of Ireland's hopes, the manifesto will be loudly blamed for the unoward result. That manifesto, combining with the stamping effect of the unhappy church disestablishment issue on the Whigs, has sufficed to upset all calculations. GLASTONBURY's attempt to parry and postpone the church issue seems to have disgusted the Radicals without satisfying the Whigs, and gratitude for all that GLADSTONE has done, or proposed to do, for Ireland and for Democracy in England, has been forgotten in Radical impatience for church disestablishment and Irish vengeance on the leaders who permitted the wrongs wrought by the Foster and Spencer administrations with the coercion act. It may be, however, that both Whigs and Tories may be taught a lesson by the manifest causes of the reaction against the Liberals, and that the cause of Ireland may, after all, be indirectly strengthened by the

